Quest Journals Journal of Research in Applied Mathematics Volume 4 ~ Issue 1 (2018) pp: 01-09 ISSN(Online) : 2394-0743 ISSN (Print): 2394-0735 www.questjournals.org



Research Paper

Minimum Spacings between 3-PrimeFactors Numbers till 1 Trillion

Neeraj Anant Pande

Received 22 Dec, 2017; Accepted 11 jan, 2018 © The author(s) 2018. Published with open access at www.questjournals.org

ABSTRACT : Numbers with exactly 3 prime divisors to them are considered. They fall in category of 3-PrimeFactors numbers. The trends in extreme densities of these types of numbers are known. Here we analyse minimum spacings between successive 3-PrimeFactors numbers in both ways, viz., in whole range of inspection which is 1 trillion for this work and in blocks of various sizes of base powers, i.e., powers of 10 in various ranges. Minimum in-block spacings between successive 3-PrimeFactors numbers, number of occurrences of such minimum spacings, number of blocks containing pairs of closed placed successive 3-PrimeFactors numbers and first and last starters 3-PrimeFactors numbers which maintain minimum distance with their corresponding successors in the whole range or respective sized block in various ranges are determined which throw light on gaps between successive 3-PrimeFactors numbers.

Keywords : Prime number, k-PrimeFactors number, 3-PrimeFactors number, Minimum spacing Mathematics Subject Classification (2010) - 11A51, 11N05, 11N80

I. INTRODUCTION

Number theory is primarily study of integers, although for exploring the properties of the same, one has to expand inspection domain beyond them to rationals, irrationals, i.e., all reals and at times even complex numbers. But the main focus is on integers. Integers, that to if we limit ourselves to positive integers, seem to be simplest type of numbers. But there are occasions where they exhibit most complicated behavior; and one such instance is that of prime numbers [1]. They as well as their types are so random-looking that their behavior is needed to be studied by inspecting all of them in higher and higher ranges [3], [4].

1.1 k-PRIMEFACTORS NUMBERS

Prime numbers is a special positive integer greater than 1 which has only 1 indivisible divisor (itself). This concept is generalized by author [6].

Definition (k-PrimeFactors Number) : For any integer $k \ge 0$, a positive integer having k number of prime factors, which need not be necessarily distinct, is called as k-PrimeFactors number. Infinitude of primes allows their infinite multiplicative combinations taken any $k \ge 1$ at a time and hence there are infinitely many k-PrimeFactors numbers for each $k \ge 1$. The case of k = 0 is odd man out as there is only one 0-PrimeFactor number, viz., 1.Of these, 1-PrimeFactor numbers, which are usual primes [3] and 2-PrimeFactors numbers have been analysed in quite detail for their low [6] and high [7] densities, minimum [8] and maximum [9] spacings between successive candidates, digits in their units places [10] and units & tens places [11].

1.2 Primefactors Numbers

The value of k = 3 is taken up now. That leads to following.

Definition (3-PrimeFactors Number) : A positive integer having exactly 3 prime divisors, which need not be necessarily distinct, is called as 3-PrimeFactors number.

First few 3-PrimeFactors numbers are :

8, 12, 18, 20, 27, 28, 30, …

Each of them has precisely 3 prime factors : $8 = 2^3$, $12 = 2^2 \times 3$, $18 = 2 \times 3^2$, $20 = 2^2 \times 5$, $27 = 3^3$, $28 = 2^2 \times 7$, $30 = 2 \times 3 \times 5$ and so on.

The details of lowest [12] and highest [13] occurrence percentages of 3-PrimeFactors numbers in different ranges for different block-sizes are now available. The huge database of 3-PrimeFactors numbers required for carrying out this analysis could be made available by using most efficient algorithms [2].

1.3 Minimum Spacing Between Successive 3-Primefactors Numbers In Blocks Of Sizes 10n

The selected range was up to 1 trillion. This range was divided into smaller blocks of sizes of powers of 10 - like 10, 100, 1000 etc. till 1 trillion itself. For each block size, minimum spacing between successive 3-PrimeFactors numbers in each sized block, number of times such minimum spacing occurs, First and last 3-PrimeFactors numbers keeping minimum spacings with immediate next 3-PrimeFactors number, and number of blocks in which such minimally spaced successive pairs occur are determined to be as following.

Sr. No.	Block- Size	Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Minimum Spacings	First Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Last Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Blocks with Minimum Spacings
1	10 ¹	1	34,850,174,142	27	999,999,999,938	27,583,741,772
2	10^{2}	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	9,664,840,449
3	10^{3}	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	1,000,000,000
4	10 ⁴	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	100,000,000
5	10^{5}	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	10,000,000
6	10^{6}	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	1,000,000
7	107	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	100,000
8	10^{8}	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	10,000
9	10 ⁹	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	1,000
10	10^{10}	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	100
11	10 ¹¹	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	10
12	10 ¹²	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	1

As seen, the minimum spacing between successive 3-PrimeFactors numbers is 1 and it has occurred quite frequently. Compared to their total number, viz., 209214982911 till 1 trillion, the figure of 36029848844 is just above 17%.



The first and last starter 3-PrimeFactors number having minimum spacing with its successor is same for all block sizes.

IV.A. Minimum Spacings between Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers in Blocks of Size 10

As in case of 2-PrimeFactors numbers [8], for fixed block-sizes, minimum spacings between 3-PrimeFactors numbers in various ranges is undertaken. The beginner block size is 10, block 0 representing number range 0 to 9, 10 representing range 10 to 19 and so on.

	Minimum	In-Block Spacing	gs in Successive 3-Prim	eFactors Numbers fo	r Block of Size 10	
Sr. No.	Range	Minimum In-Block	Number of	First Number with Minimum	Last Number with Minimum In-Block	Number of Blocks with Minimum
		Spacing	winning spacings	In-Block Spacing	Spacing	Spacings
1	<10 ¹	-	-	-	-	-
2	$< 10^{2}$	1	4	27	98	4
3	<10 ³	1	59	27	986	44
4	<10 ⁴	1	688	27	9,970	467
5	<10 ⁵	1	6,677	27	99,938	4,542
6	<10 ⁶	1	61,694	27	999,986	43,046
7	<107	1	561,801	27	9,999,982	401,553
8	<10 ⁸	1	5,082,560	27	99,999,961	3,724,830
9	<109	1	46,011,566	27	999,999,997	34,488,595
10	$< 10^{10}$	1	417,709,493	27	9,999,999,986	319,539,629
11	<1011	1	3,807,307,502	27	99,999,999,993	2,965,687,034

Γ		Minimum In-Block Spacings in Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers for Block of Size 10							
2	Sr. No.	Range	Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Minimum Spacings	First with In-Bloc	Number Minimum k Spacing	Last Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Blocks with Minimum Spacings	
1	2	<10 ¹²	1	34,850,174,142	27		999,999,999,938	27,583,741,772	

In the first range 0 to 9, there is no occurrence of any pair of successive 3-PrimeFactors numbers for checking minimum spacing between them. Although the very first 3-PrimeFactors number 8 lies in this range, but its successor 12 doesn't come in it and hence this pair cannot be considered as member of this range. For all higher ranges, the minimum spacing between successive 3-PrimeFactors numbers is minimum possible, i.e., 1. It begins quite early with fifth pair. So while the first minimum spacing pair is at a fixed distance from 0, the last pair keeps occurring a bit near and far from range-end.



Minimum Spacings between Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers in Blocks of Size 10²

Next block-size under consideration is 102, i.e., 100. For this case, block 0 will indicate number range 0 to 99, block 100 will indicate range 100 to 199 and so on.

	Minimum	In-Block Spacing	gs in Successive 3-Prim	eFactors Numbers	for Block of Size 10 ²	
Sr. No.	Range	Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Minimum Spacings	First Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Last Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Blocks with Minimum Spacings
1	<10 ²	1	4	27	98	1
2	<10 ³	1	63	27	986	10
3	<10 ⁴	1	727	27	9,970	100
4	<10 ⁵	1	7,014	27	99,938	1,000
5	<10 ⁶	1	64,556	27	999,986	9,984
6	<107	1	585,725	27	9,999,982	99,598
7	<10 ⁸	1	5,284,711	27	99,999,961	993,118
8	<109	1	47,753,279	27	999,999,997	9,887,379
9	$< 10^{10}$	1	432,841,730	27	9,999,999,986	98,292,953
10	<1011	1	3,940,283,058	27	99,999,999,993	975,520,526
11	<10 ¹²	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	9,664,840,449







IV.B. Minimum Spacings between Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers in Blocks of Size 10³

Higher one is block-size 10^3 , i.e., 1000, where block 0 gives number range 0 to 9999, block 10000 gives range 10000 to 19999 and so on.

	Minimum	In-Block Spa	cings in Successive 3-P	rimeFactors Numbe	ers for Block of Size 10 ³	
Sr. No.	Range	Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Minimum Spacings	First Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Last Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Blocks with Minimum Spacings
1	<10 ³	1	63	27	986	1
2	<10 ⁴	1	727	27	9,970	10
3	<10 ⁵	1	7,014	27	99,938	100
4	<10 ⁶	1	64,556	27	999,986	1,000
5	<107	1	585,725	27	9,999,982	10,000
6	<10 ⁸	1	5,284,711	27	99,999,961	100,000
7	<109	1	47,753,279	27	999,999,997	1,000,000
8	$< 10^{10}$	1	432,841,730	27	9,999,999,986	10,000,000
9	<1011	1	3,940,283,058	27	99,999,999,993	100,000,000
10	<10 ¹²	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	1,000,000,000

Naturally, with increase in the block-size, there is decrease in the number of blocks containing successive 3-PrimeFactors numbers having minimum spacings between them.



IV.C. Minimum Spacings between Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers in Blocks of Size 10⁴

Now let's consider block size 10^4 , i.e., 10000, block 0 being number range 0 to 9999, block 10000 being range 10000 to 19999 and so on.

	Minimum	In-Block Spacing	gs in Successive 3-Prim	eFactors Numbers f	for Block of Size 10 ⁴	
Sr. No.	Range	Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Minimum Spacings	First Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Last Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Blocks with Minimum Spacings
1	<104	1	727	27	9,970	1
2	<10 ⁵	1	7,014	27	99,938	10
3	<10 ⁶	1	64,556	27	999,986	100
4	<107	1	585,725	27	9,999,982	1,000
5	<10 ⁸	1	5,284,711	27	99,999,961	10,000
6	<109	1	47,753,279	27	999,999,997	100,000
7	$< 10^{10}$	1	432,841,730	27	9,999,999,986	1,000,000
8	<1011	1	3,940,283,058	27	99,999,999,993	10,000,000
9	<1012	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	100,000,000

Each block in each range, in fact, from previous block-size itself, has started containing pairs of successive 3-PrimeFactors numbers with minimum spacing.



IV.D. Minimum Spacings between Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers in Blocks of Size 10⁵

Further blocks of size 10^5 , i.e., 100000 are under consideration, for which block 0 means number range 0 to 99999, block 100000 means range 100000 to 199999 and so on.

	Minimum	In-Block Spaci	ngs in Successive 3-Pri	meFactors Numbers for	or Block of Size 10 ⁵	
Sr. No.	Range	Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Minimum Spacings	First Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Last Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Blocks with Minimum Spacings
1	<10 ⁵	1	7,014	27	99,938	1
2	<10 ⁶	1	64,556	27	999,986	10
3	<107	1	585,725	27	9,999,982	100
4	<10 ⁸	1	5,284,711	27	99,999,961	1,000
5	<109	1	47,753,279	27	999,999,997	10,000
6	$< 10^{10}$	1	432,841,730	27	9,999,999,986	100,000
7	<1011	1	3,940,283,058	27	99,999,999,993	1,000,000
8	<10 ¹²	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	10,000,000

The values remain same now with decrease in number of blocks.



IV.E. Minimum Spacings between Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers in Blocks of Size 10⁶

Next blocks of size 10^6 , i.e., 1000000 are under consideration; block 0 refers to number range 0 to 999999, block 1000000 refers to range 1000000 to 1999999 and so on.

	Minimum	In-Block Spacing	gs in Successive 3-	PrimeFactors Numbe	ers for Block of Size 10) ⁶
Sr.		Minimum	Number of	First Number	Last Number with	Number of Blocks with
No.	Range	In-Block	Minimum	with Minimum	Minimum In-Block	Minimum Spacings
		Spacing	Spacings	In-Block Spacing	Spacing	Minimum Spacings
1	$< 10^{6}$	1	64,556	27	999,986	1
2	<107	1	585,725	27	9,999,982	10
3	<10 ⁸	1	5,284,711	27	99,999,961	100
4	<109	1	47,753,279	27	999,999,997	1,000
5	$< 10^{10}$	1	432,841,730	27	9,999,999,986	10,000

	Minimum In-Block Spacings in Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers for Block of Size 10 ⁶						
Sr. No.	Range	Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Minimum Spacings	First Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Last Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Blocks with Minimum Spacings	
6	<10 ¹¹	1	3,940,283,058	27	99,999,999,993	100,000	
7	$< 10^{12}$	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	1,000,000	

Consistency, as mentioned in remark of block-size of previous subsection, continues.



IV.F. Minimum Spacings between Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers in Blocks of Size 10⁷

Higher block size is 10^7 , i.e., 10000000, block 0 corresponding to number range 0 to 9999999, block 10000000 corresponding to range 10000000 to 19999999 and so on.

	Minimum	In-Block Spacing	gs in Successive 3-Prim	eFactors Numbers for Bloc	ck of Size 10 ⁷	
Sr. No.	Range	Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Minimum Spacings	First Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Last Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Blocks with Minimum Spacings
1	<107	1	585,725	27	9,999,982	1
2	<10 ⁸	1	5,284,711	27	99,999,961	10
3	<10 ⁹	1	47,753,279	27	999,999,997	100
4	$< 10^{10}$	1	432,841,730	27	9,999,999,986	1,000
5	<10 ¹¹	1	3,940,283,058	27	99,999,999,993	10,000
6	$< 10^{12}$	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	100,000



IV.G. Minimum Spacings between Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers in Blocks of Size 10⁸

We go ahead with block size is of 10^8 , i.e., 100000000. Here block 0 denotes number range 0 to 99999999, block 100000000 denotes range 100000000 to 199999999 and so on.

	Minimum	nimum In-Block Spacings in Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers for Block of Size 10 ⁸						
Sr. No.	Range	Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Minimum Spacings	First Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Last Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Blocks with Minimum Spacings		
1	<10 ⁸	1	5,284,711	27	99,999,961	1		
2	<109	1	47,753,279	27	999,999,997	10		
3	$< 10^{10}$	1	432,841,730	27	9,999,999,986	100		
4	<1011	1	3,940,283,058	27	99,999,999,993	1,000		

	Minimum	Minimum In-Block Spacings in Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers for Block of Size 10 ⁸					
Sr. No.	Range	Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Minimum Spacings	First Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Last Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Blocks with Minimum Spacings	
5	<10 ¹²	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	10,000	



IV.H. Minimum Spacings between Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers in Blocks of Size 10⁹

Next one is block size 10⁹, i.e., 1000000000; block 0 signifies number range 0 to 999999999, block 1000000000 signifies range 1000000000 to 1999999999 and so on.

	Minimum In-Block Spacings in Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers for Block of Size 109					
Sr. No.	Range	Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Minimum Spacings	First Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Last Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Blocks with Minimum Spacings
1	<109	1	47,753,279	27	999,999,997	1
2	$< 10^{10}$	1	432,841,730	27	9,999,999,986	10
3	<10 ¹¹	1	3,940,283,058	27	99,999,999,993	100
4	<10 ¹²	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	1,000



IV.I. Minimum Spacings between Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers in Blocks of Size 10¹⁰

Block-size 10^{10} , i.e., 10000000000 is next up in queue. Block 0 happens to be number range 0 to 9999999999, block 10000000000 happens to be range 10000000000 to 19999999999 and so on.

	Minimum In-Block Spacings in Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers for Block of Size 10 ¹⁰					
Sr. No.	Range	Minimum In-Block	Number of	First Number with Minimum In-Block	Last Number with Minimum In-Block	Number of Blocks with
	-	Spacing	Minimum Spacings	Spacing	Spacing	Minimum Spacings
1	$< 10^{10}$	1	432,841,730	27	9,999,999,986	1
2	<10 ¹¹	1	3,940,283,058	27	99,999,999,993	10
3	<10 ¹²	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,938	100



IV.J. Minimum Spacings between Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers in Blocks of Size 10¹¹

Now its turn of block size 10^{11} , i.e., 100000000000; where block 0 stands for number range 0 to 9999999999, block 100000000000 stands for range 100000000000 to 199999999999 and so on.

	Minimum In-Block Spacings in Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers for Block of Size 10 ¹¹					
Sr. No.	Range	Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Minimum Spacings	First Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Last Number with Minimum In-Block Spacing	Number of Blocks with Minimum Spacings
1	<1011	1	3,940,283,058	27	99,999,999,993	1
2	<10 ¹²	1	36,029,848,844	27	999,999,999,999,938	10



IV.K. Minimum Spacings between Successive 3-PrimeFactors Numbers in Blocks of Size 10¹²

And finally the last block size is 10^{12} , that is the whole number range 1 trillion under consideration. Trivially there is unique block that can be talked about and hence it is the block with all attributes like the one

with minimum spacings between successive 3-PrimeFactors numbers etc. Minimality between successive pairs of 3-PrimeFactors numbers is often seen feature. It occurs as early as just after first 4 pairs and keeps coming frequently with following percentages.



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The handiest tool in getting this analysis done was all the 20 computers in the Department of Mathematics and Statistics of author's institute. They were running in tandem for several months for visualizing patterns presented here. All this was with the help of advanced software like Java programming language, NetBeans IDE and Microsoft Excel and their smart development teams are duly acknowledged. The author is also thankful to anonymous referee(s) of this paper.

REFERENCES

- [1]. Benjamin Fine, Gerhard Rosenberger, Number Theory: An Introduction via the Distribution of Primes, (Birkhauser, 2007).
- [2]. Neeraj Anant Pande, Improved Prime Generating Algorithms by Skipping Composite Divisors and Even Numbers (Other Than 2), Journal of Science and Arts, Year 15, No.2 (31), 2015, 135-142.
- [3]. Neeraj Anant Pande, Analysis of Primes Less Than a Trillion, International Journal of Computer Science & Engineering Technology, Vol. 6, No. 06, 2015, 332-341.
- [4]. Neeraj Anant Pande, Analysis of Twin Primes Less Than a Trillion, Journal of Science and Arts, Year 16, No.4 (37), 2016, 279-288.
- [5]. Herbert Schildt, Java : The Complete Reference, 7th Edition (Tata Mc-Graw Hill 2007)
- [6]. Neeraj Anant Pande, Low Density Distribution of 2-PrimeFactors Numbers till 1 Trillion, Journal of Research in Applied Mathematics, 2017, Vol. 3, Issue 8, 2017, 35-47.
- [7]. Neeraj Anant Pande, High Density Distribution of 2-PrimeFactors Numbers till 1 Trillion, American International Journal of Research in Formal, Applied & Natural Sciences, 2017, Communicated.
- [8]. Neeraj Anant Pande, Minimum Spacings between 2-PrimeFactors Numbers till 1 Trillion, Journal of Computer and Mathematical Sciences, Vol. 8 (12), 2017, 769-780.
- [9]. Neeraj Anant Pande, Maximum Spacings between 2-PrimeFactors Numbers till 1 Trillion, International Journal of Mathematics Trends and Technology, Volume 52, Issue 5, December 2017, 311-321.
- [10]. Neeraj Anant Pande, Digits in Units Place of 2-PrimeFactors Numbers till 1 Trillion, International Journal of Mathematics And its Applications, 2017, Accepted.
- [11]. Neeraj Anant Pande, Digits in Units and Tens Place of 2-PrimeFactors Numbers till 1 Trillion, International Journal of Engineering, Science and Mathematics, Volume 6, Issue 8, 2017, 254-273.
- [12]. Neeraj Anant Pande, Low Density Distribution of 3-PrimeFactors Numbers till 1 Trillion, International Journal of Latest Engineering Research and Applications, 2017, Accepted.
- [13]. Neeraj Anant Pande, High Density Distribution of 3-PrimeFactors Numbers till 1 Trillion, International Journal of Mathematics and Statistics Invention, 2017, Communicated.

Neeraj Anant Pande. "Minimum Spacings between 3-PrimeFactors Numbers till 1 Trillion." Quest Journals Journal of Research in Applied Mathematics, vol. 04, no. 01, 2018, pp. 01–09.