



Research Paper

Violation of Human Rights

Dr.Rajni Bala
Assistant Professors
Arya college, Ludhiana

Abstract

The violation of human rights is not only in India but in the world also. Many institutions are there to stop the violation of human rights. The human rights are those rights without which no man can develop his personality. Human rights are imperative for all the human beings.

A democratic state is identified by the rights it provides to its citizens. **Human rights** are Moral standards of human behaviour, and are regularly protected as Legal rights national International law. The United Nations Charter is the first international document .having an objective of promotion of human rights and fundamental freedom. The declaration does not have the force of law; the moral force is of course there. It was suggested to frame a human rights committee. For the implementation of the provisions of the covenant on civil and political rights, the main stress was to establish human rights committee. As we know that when the human rights committee was formed at international level, it was decided to establish it at national level also. The main objective was to stop the violation of human rights. We collectively can stop the violation of human rights.

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At present, human rights are going to be violated everywhere. In one way or the other. The human rights must be protected. The violation of human rights is not only in India but in the world also. Many institutions are there to stop the violation of human rights. Right to equality has been provided to everyone without any discrimination whether male or female. Where is the right to life of a woman when she is forced to bear domestic violence? Every day women are sexually tortured and mentally shocked. Where are her rights? Whether there is a working place or residing place women are the most sufferers. God has created a beautiful creation in the form of a woman. as a daughter, as a lover, as a mother and as a wife she performed her duties so well that there is no alternative except woman. When God has given equality to male and female, then why society has created this artificial inequality?

The human rights are those rights without which no man can develop his personality. Human rights are imperative for all the human beings. Human rights includes right to life, right to self-determination, right to dignity of life and right to be free. A democratic state is identified by the rights it provides to its citizens. **Human rights** are Moral standards of human behaviour, and are regularly protected as Legal rights national International law.¹ They are "commonly understood as inalienable fundamental rights to which a person is inherently entitled simply because she or he is a human being."² Human rights are thus conceived as universal (applicable everywhere) and egalitarian (the same for everyone). The doctrine of human rights has been highly influential within international law, global and regional institutions. Policies of states and in the activities of non-governmental organizations and have become a cornerstone of public policy around the world. *The idea of human rights*³ suggests, "If the public discourse of peacetime global society can be said to have a common moral language, it is that of human rights." The strong claims made by the doctrine of human rights continue to provoke considerable skepticism and debates about the content, nature and justifications of human rights to this day. Indeed, the question of what is meant by a "right" is itself controversial and the subject of continued philosophical debate.⁴ Many of the basic ideas that animated the human rights movement developed in the aftermath of the Second World War and the atrocities of The Holocaust, culminating in the adoption of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights in Paris by the United Nations General Assembly in 1948. The ancient world did not possess the concept of universal human rights⁵ The true forerunner of human rights discourse was

the concept of natural rights which appeared as part of the medieval Natural law tradition that became prominent during the Enlightenment age

Events and new possibilities can affect existing rights or require new ones. Advances of technology, medicine, and philosophy constantly challenge the status quo of human rights thinking.⁸⁵ Today women have proved that she is a perfect human being. We know Kalpana Chawla, Kiran Bedi, Indira Gandhi, Sunita Williams, Pratibha Patil, Mayawati, Sushma Swaraj, and Mera Kumar etc. women did her best to prove that she is not less than man. She is performing her tripartite duties like managing house, doing jobs and looking after her children. Providing financial support to her family, she even did her best to look after her children very well. In the heaven, God is there but on the earth, she is God doing everything for her children. When she is performing such duties, why discrimination is going on with women? Why women are treated as second grade citizen? There are many examples when women got tortured? Tan door Kand is there .a women was burnt alive. Where is right to life of a woman. She can be treated as a human being but not. How the equality of opportunity can be established when a working woman on a road given less wage than a man. Eve-teasing has been increasing day by day. A girl is not safe even going outside with her parents. The high rank officer in police department has done so cruelty with a school going girl of the age group of her own child. The new born female baby is not safe in our society where the baby got raped when she is of some month's age. Did we mean this type of modernity? Are we living this type of civilized society? In Faridkot, Shruti and Nissan Singh case is a fresh example which shows that human rights are going to be violated everyday. In police stations, there are many examples of mental torture upon woman. A woman is the best creation of God. But she is the most sufferers than anybody else. Where is the fault of a woman when she gave birth to a man? When man got her tortured, raped and harassed he does not think that she is a human being and should be treated as a human being.

In some parts of India, a woman has not given proper respect. it has been assumed that women has to do her duties like doing job, look after her children and even the old parents. She is a symbol of love, affection and dedication. She is bestowed with many super qualities even then she is not given the suitable place which she deserves. There was a time when the name of woman was taken before the name of man like Sita Ram, Radha Krishan etc. and now the position is assumed to be improved but the woman even now has been regarded as second class citizen. The women of India are silently bearing the physical and mental torture of his in-laws and especially her husband. She should think that they are not helpless and weak. She has to fight against the insulted behaviour of man and fight for the justice.

After 66 years of independence, no party has supported the protection of women rights and interests. The main function of women was to serve the men and his place in the house was like an animal. The women were considered as a source of fulfillment of lust. Today, all parties are in favour of protection of women why they have changed their view? Rape is considered as a common crime in India. The human rights department of United Nations declared it as a national problem. After 20 minutes, women got raped. In Indian cities, Delhi is the city where most rape cases are committed. In India, from 1998-2008 the number of rape cases has been doubled. According to national crime record bureau, up to 2011, 24,206 cases have been recorded of rape. The unrecorded cases are more than this. We are all well familiar with DELHI GANG RAPE. On 16 December, 2012 in a private bus six persons did this inhuman treatment with a girl of 23 years. After 13 days of this tortured treatment, the girl was dead. Many people step up on the road for justice and raised their voice against atrocities upon women. These demonstrations have changed the judicial and political system of India. The government of Karnataka has declared an availability of helpline 24/7(1091) for dictating sexual harassment complaints of women. The government of Tamil Nadu has announced 13-point action plan for the protection of women. The Himachal Pradesh government has declared to form committees for the protection of women at district level and investigation team to dictate the crimes against women. The government of Jammu and Kashmir has also announced for changes in the legal system.

We are well aware about the name of Tarun Tejpal who has served in INDIAN EXPRESS, INDIA TODAY, and THE FINANCIAL EXPRESS. In November 2013, one Journalist made allegations of sexual atrocities against him. She committed that in a function known as think feast organized by Tehalka magazine at Goa, Tarun Tejpal did two times sexual harassment to her. The Goa police has arrested him and imposed these articles 354-a(physical torture), 376(rape)376(2)(15)raped a woman by taking advantage of his office)341 and 342 articles . Do we think that these laws are enough to punish the culprits? In December 2013, one young advocate blamed Ashok Kumar Ganguly for physical torture .the Supreme Court itself investigates the case without complaint. Now it has been found that Ashok Ganguly is a culprit. Jury has found that Ganguly had physically tortured this young advocate in December 2013 and he was deprived from the office of human rights commission.

In December 2013, the central government has appointment J.S.Verma former Chief Justice of India for amendments in criminal law. According to one report, the unsuccessfulness of police and government is responsible for atrocities upon women. The suggestion was given in this report that the punishment for rape should be life imprisonment and not death. On 3rd February 2013, the president Pranab Mukherjee has

implemented criminal law (amended). it has amended laws relating to physical torture, code of criminal procedure 1973, code of criminal procedure Indian penal code and Indian evidence act . This act included the death imprisonment for rape cases.

Conclusion; The United Nations Charter is the first international document .having an objective of promotion of human rights and fundamental freedom. The declaration does not have the force of law; the moral force is of course there. It was suggested to frame a human rights committee. For the implementation of the provisions of the covenant on civil and political rights, the main stress was to establish human rights committee. As we know that when the human rights committee was formed at international level, it was decided to establish it at national level also. The main objective was to stop the violation of human rights. We collectively can stop the violation of human rights violation.

References

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